

Exponents

Exponents

$2 \times 2 \times 2 = \boxed{\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{matrix}}$ 2 raised to the power 3.

Labels: Power (3), Base (2)

↓
Exponents
↓
repeated multiplications

$a^n = \underbrace{a \times a \times a \dots a}_a$ $n \Rightarrow$ whole no.
a is multiplied n times.

$$\underline{\underline{125}} = 5 \times 5 \times 5 = \boxed{\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{matrix}}$$

5 cubed or 5 raise to the power 3.

$$\boxed{\underline{\underline{125}} = \underline{\underline{5^3}}}$$

$$\underbrace{(-2) \times (-2)}_4 \times \underbrace{(-2) \times (-2)}_4 \times \underbrace{(-2)}_{(-2)} = (-2)^{\textcircled{5}}$$

$$16 \times (-2) = \underline{\underline{-32}}$$

odd no.

$$(-2)^{\textcircled{5}} = \underline{\underline{- (2)^{\textcircled{5}}}}$$

$$- (\cancel{2} \times \cancel{2} \times 2 \times 2 \times 2)$$

$$- (32)$$

$$\boxed{-32} \checkmark$$

$$(-2)^{\overline{4}}$$

$$\underbrace{(-2) \times (-2)}_4 \times \underbrace{(-2) \times (-2)}_4$$

$$\boxed{16}$$

$$-(2)^4$$

$$-[2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2]$$

$$\boxed{-16}$$

$$a^1 = a$$

$$7^1 = 7$$

$$5^1 = 5$$

$$x^1 = x$$

$$a^0 = 1$$

$$5^0 = 1$$

$$(-2)^0 = 1$$

$$x^0 = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \times \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \times \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \times \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^4$$

odd no.

$$(-a)^{\text{odd no.}} = -(number)$$

even power

$$(-a)^{\text{even power}} = +(number)$$

$$\underline{1000} = \underline{(10)^3}$$

$$100 = 10^2$$

$$\underline{a \times a \times a \times b \times b} =$$

Simplify $\underline{\underline{7^2 \times 2^2}} = 49 \times 4 = 196$

$$0 \times 10^2 = 0$$

Simplify: $(-3) \times (-2)^3$

$$\frac{(-3)^3}{4} \neq \left(\frac{-3}{4}\right)^3$$

$$(-1)^{\textcircled{7}} = \underline{\underline{-1}}$$

$$(-1)^{\textcircled{10}} = \underline{\underline{1}}$$

Simplify: $\left(\frac{-3}{4}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{-3}{4}\right) \times \left(\frac{-3}{4}\right) \times \left(\frac{-3}{4}\right)$

$$= \frac{-27}{64} \checkmark$$

Simplify:

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 \times \left(\frac{-3}{5}\right)^3 \times \left(\frac{-4}{9}\right)^2$$

H.W.

$$\begin{array}{l} 25 \Rightarrow 5^2 \\ \hline \downarrow \\ \boxed{5 \times 5} \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{432}} \Rightarrow \boxed{}^2 \quad \text{Prime factors}$$

$$\boxed{128} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{2^3}} \times \boxed{4^2} \Rightarrow 2^3 \times 2^4 \Rightarrow \boxed{2^7} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4^2 &= 4 \times 4 \\ &= \underset{1}{2} \times \underset{1}{2} \times \underset{1}{2} \times \underset{1}{2} \times 2 \times 2 \\ &= 2^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{\underline{2^3}} \times 4^2 &= 8 \times 16 \\ &= \underline{\underline{128}} \end{aligned}$$

12

$$432 = \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2^4} \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$$

$$432 = \underline{\underline{2^4 \times 3^3}}$$

Q. Express (i) 648 and (ii) 540 as a product of powers of their prime factors.

$$648 = 2^3 \times 3^4$$

$$540 = 2^2 \times 3^3 \times 5^1$$

| | |
|---|-----|
| 2 | 432 |
| 2 | 216 |
| 2 | 108 |
| 2 | 54 |
| 3 | 27 |
| 3 | 9 |
| 3 | 3 |
| | 1 |

$$\underline{\underline{1000}} = \boxed{10^3}$$

Powers of Prime factors =

$$\begin{array}{r} | 1000 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow (10^3) = (5 \times 2)^3 = \underline{\underline{5^3 \times 2^3}}$$

$$16000 = \underline{\underline{16}} \times \underline{\underline{1000}}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{2^4}} \times \underline{\underline{2^3 \times 5^3}}$$

$$16000 = \underline{\underline{2^7 \times 5^3}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$3600 = \underline{3^2 \times 5^2 \times 2^4} \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5^2}}$$

Express given rational nos. in exponential form.

$$(i) \frac{27}{\boxed{64}} = \frac{3 \times 3 \times 3}{\underline{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2}} = \frac{3^3}{\underline{2^6}} = \frac{3^3}{4^3} = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 \checkmark$$

$$(ii) \frac{-27}{125} = \frac{(-3) \times (-3) \times (-3)}{5 \times 5 \times 5} = \frac{(-3)^3}{5^3} = \left(\frac{-3}{5}\right)^3$$

$$\frac{\boxed{1} \checkmark}{\boxed{2} \checkmark} = \boxed{0.5}$$

$$(iii) \frac{-1}{243} = \frac{-1}{3^5} = \frac{(-1)^5}{(3)^5} = \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)^5$$

$$\frac{-1}{3^4} = \frac{(-1)^4}{(3)^4} = \frac{- (1)^4}{(3)^4} = - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^4$$

Laws of exponents

$$\textcircled{1} \quad a^n \times a^m = a^{n+m}$$

$$\textcircled{2}^3 \times \textcircled{2}^5 = 2^{3+5} = 2^8$$

$$\textcircled{ii} \quad \frac{a^n}{a^m} = a^{n-m} \quad (n > m)$$

$$\frac{3^{\textcircled{7}}}{3^{\textcircled{4}}} = \frac{\cancel{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3}}{\cancel{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3}}$$

$$a^n \div a^m = a^{n-m} \quad (\underline{\underline{n > m}})$$

$$\frac{3^7}{3^4} = 3^{(7-4)} = 3^3 = 3 \times 3 \times 3$$

iii

$$\underline{\underline{a^0 = 1}}$$

$$\frac{a^5}{a^5} = a^{5-5} = a^0 =$$

$$\frac{a \times a \times a \times a \times a}{a \times a \times a \times a \times a} = 1$$

iv

$$\frac{3^4}{3^4} = \frac{\cancel{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3}}{\cancel{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3}} = 1$$

$$\frac{3^4}{3^4} = 3^{4-4} = 3^0 = 1$$

$$5^0 = 1$$

$$\frac{5^{16}}{5^{16}} = 5^{16-16} = 5^0 = 1$$

$$\textcircled{\text{iv}} \quad (a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$$

$$\left((a^m)^n \right)^q = a^{m \times n \times q}$$

$$\left(2^{\textcircled{3}} \right)^{\textcircled{4}} = \left(\underline{\underline{2 \times 2 \times 2}} \right)^4 = 2^{3 \times 4} = 2^{12}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2 \times 2 \times 2}} \times \underline{\underline{2 \times 2 \times 2}} \times \underline{\underline{2 \times 2 \times 2}} \times \underline{\underline{2 \times 2 \times 2}}$$

Power of Powers

$$\left(\left(2^{\textcircled{3}} \right)^{\textcircled{4}} \right)^{\textcircled{5}} = 2^{3 \times 4 \times 5} = 2^{60}$$

$$= 2^{12}$$

(v) multiply powers with the same exponents.

$$a^m \times b^m = (ab)^m$$

$a \neq 0$
 $b \neq 0$
 m is any natural no.

opposite \rightarrow cy.

$$2^3 \times 5^3 = (2 \times 5)^3 = 10^3$$

$$(2^3 \times 2^4)$$

$$(1000)$$

(vi)

$$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$$

$$\frac{1}{2^1} = 2^{-1}$$

$$2^{-3} = \frac{1}{2^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2^3} = 2^{-3} = \frac{1}{2^3} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$1000 \Rightarrow (10)^3 = (5 \times 2)^3 = 5^3 \times 2^3$$

Q. $(-4)^3 \times (-2)^3 = ((-4) \times (-2))^3$
 $= (8)^3$

Simplification using laws of exponents

(i) $2^5 \times 2^3$
 $= 2^{5+3}$
 $= 2^8$

(ii) $3^4 \times 3^2 \times 3^8$
 $= 3^{4+2+8}$
 $= 3^{14}$

(iii) $6^{15} \div 6^{10}$
 $= 6^{15-10}$
 $= 6^5$

(2)

$$7^3 \div 7^{14}$$

$$= 7^{3-14}$$

$$= 7^{-11}$$

$$= \frac{1}{7^{11}}$$

$$(v) \quad \underline{\underline{(7^2)^3 \div 7^3}}$$

$$= 7^{(2 \times 3)} \div 7^3$$

$$= 7^6 \div 7^3$$

$$= 7^{6-3}$$

$$= 7^3$$

$$(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$$

$$\textcircled{\text{vi}} \quad 2^5 \times 3^5 = (2 \times 3)^5 = 6^5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{\text{vii}} \quad & \left(2^{20} \div 2^{15} \right) \times 2^3 \\ & = \left(2^{20-15} \right) \times 2^3 \\ & = 2^5 \times 2^3 \\ & = 2^{(5+3)} \\ & = 2^8 \\ & = \underline{\underline{256}} \end{aligned}$$

Simplify and express the given expressions in exponential form.

$$(ii) \quad \{(5^2)^3 \times 5^4\} \div 5^7$$

$$= \{5^{(2 \times 3)} \times 5^4\} \div 5^7$$

$$= \{5^6 \times 5^4\} \div 5^7$$

$$= \{5^{(6+4)}\} \div 5^7$$

$$= \{5^{10}\} \div 5^7$$

$$= 5^{10-7}$$

$$= 5^3$$

$$a^m \times b^m = (ab)^m$$
$$\frac{a^m}{b^m} = \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^m$$

$$(ii) \frac{4^5 \times a^8 \times b^3}{4^5 \times a^5 \times b^2} = \left(\frac{4^5}{4^5} \right) \times \left(\frac{a^8}{a^5} \right) \times \left(\frac{b^3}{b^2} \right)$$

$$= 4^{5-5} \times a^{8-5} \times b^{3-2}$$

$$\text{or} = 4^0 \times a^3 \times b^1$$

$$= 1 \times \underbrace{a^3 \times b}$$

$$= a^3 \times b$$

$$= a^3 b$$

$$\frac{8 \times 4}{4 \times 2}$$

$$\text{or} \frac{\cancel{4} \times 2}{\cancel{2}} = 4$$

$$= \frac{8^2}{4} \times \frac{4^2}{2} = 4$$

$$= \frac{8}{2} \times \frac{4}{4} =$$

$$(iii) \quad \frac{3^9 x^4 y^7 a^3}{x^3 a^2 3^7 y^5} =$$

Simplify :

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ (2^2)^3 \times 3^6 \right\} \times 5^6 \\ & = \left\{ 2^{(2 \times 3)} \times 3^6 \right\} \times 5^6 \\ & = \left\{ \underline{2^6 \times 3^6} \right\} \times 5^6 \\ & = (6)^6 \times 5^6 \\ & = (6 \times 5)^6 = (30)^6 \end{aligned}$$

Simplify:

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^5 \times b^{10}$$

$$= \frac{a^5}{\textcircled{b^5}} \times \frac{b^{10}}{\textcircled{1}}$$

$$= \frac{a^5}{1} \times \frac{b^{10}}{b^5}$$

$$= a^5 \times b^{(10-5)}$$

$$= a^5 \times b^5$$

$$= (ab)^5$$

Simplify and write in exponential form.

$$(i) \quad 25^4 \div 5^3$$

=

$$(ii) \quad (8)^2 \div 2^3$$

$$= (2^3)^2 \div 2^3$$

$$= 2^{(3 \times 2)} \div 2^3$$

$$= 2^6 \div 2^3$$

$$= 2^{(6-3)}$$

$$= 2^3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{8^4 \times 8^2}{2 \times 2 \times 2} = \underline{\underline{8}}$$

Simplify and write in exponential form.

H.W.

(i)

$$\frac{2^8 \times a^5}{4^3 \times a^3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{2^8}{2^6} \times \frac{a^5}{a^3} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2^8}{2^6} \times$$

$$\frac{a^5}{a^3}$$

$$= 2^{8-6} \times a^{5-3}$$

$$= 2^2 \times a^2$$

$$= (2a)^2$$

(ii)

$$\frac{2^3 \times 3^4 \times 4}{3 \times 32}$$

$$= \frac{(2^3) \times (3^4) \times (2^2)}{3 \times 2^5}$$

$$= \frac{2^3 \times 2^2 \times 3^4}{2^5 \times 3}$$

$$= \frac{2^5 \times 3^4}{2^5 \times 3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{2^5}{2^5} \right) \times \frac{3^4}{3} = 1 \times 3^3$$

$$= 3^3$$

$$a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 32 \\ \hline 2 & 16 \\ \hline 2 & 8 \\ \hline 2 & 4 \\ \hline 2 & 2 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array}$$

$$2^5 = 32$$

Simplify ✓

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{(12)^4 \times (9)^3 \times 4}{6^3 \times 8^2 \times 27} = \underline{\underline{162}}$$
$$= \frac{(2^2 \times 3)^4 \times (3^2)^3 \times 2^2}{(2 \times 3)^3 \times (2^3)^2 \times 3^3}$$

$$= \frac{2^8 \times 3^4 \times 3^6 \times 2^2}{2^3 \times 3^3 \times 2^6 \times 3^3}$$

$$= \frac{2^8 \times 2^2 \times 3^4 \times 3^6}{2^3 \times 2^6 \times 3^3 \times 3^3}$$

9x9

$$\left(\frac{2^2 \times 3}{3} \right)^4 = (2^2)^4 \times 3^4$$

$$\left(\frac{3^3}{3} \right)^3 = 3^{3 \times 2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{2^{10} \times 3^{10}}{2^9 \times 3^6} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{2^{10}}{2^9} \right) \times \left(\frac{3^{10}}{3^6} \right)$$

$$= 2^1 \times 3^4 \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} = 2 \times 81 \\ = \underline{\underline{162}} \checkmark \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{9^3}{6^3}$$

$$\left(\frac{3^3}{2} \right)^3$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^3$$

①

$$\frac{3^5 \times 10^5 \times 25}{5^7 \times 6^5}$$

HW

Simplify:

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{25 \times 5^2 \times t^8}{10^3 \times t^4} =$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left(\frac{5^4}{5^3} \right) \times \left(\frac{t^8}{t^4} \right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2^3} \right) \\ &= \frac{5 t^4}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \frac{2^{55} \times 2^{60}}{2^{97} \times 2^{18}} =$$

$$= 2^{115} - 2^{115}$$

$$= 0$$

Simplify

$$(i) \frac{3^n + \boxed{3^{n+1}}}{\boxed{3^{n+1}} - 3^n}$$

$$= \frac{\overset{\vee}{3^n} + \overset{\vee}{3^n \times 3^1}}{\overset{\vee}{3^n \times 3^1} - \overset{\vee}{3^n}}$$

$$= \frac{3^n (1 + 3^1)}{3^n (3^1 - 1)} = \frac{3^n \times 4}{3^n \times 2} = \left(\frac{3^n}{3^n}\right) \times \left(\frac{2^2}{2^1}\right) = 2$$

$$\frac{\cancel{2} + 2 \times 5}{2(1+5)}$$

$$\frac{5 + 10}{10 + 5} = \frac{15}{5} = 3$$

$$2 \times 3 + 2 \times 5$$
$$2(3+5)$$

$$\frac{10 \times 5}{10 \times 5} = \left(\frac{10}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{5}\right)$$

$$\underline{\underline{3^n \times 3^1 = 3^{(n+1)}}}$$

$$\boxed{3^{n+1} = 3^n \times 3^1}$$

$$\textcircled{ii} \quad 2^3 \times a^3 \times 5a^4$$

$$= 2^3 \times a^7 \times 5$$

$$= \underline{2^3 \times 5 \times a^7} \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \underline{\underline{40a^7}}$$

$$(5a)^4 \quad 5a^4$$

Compare the following numbers.

(i) 2.7×10^{12} and 1.5×10^8

12 tens

$$\begin{array}{l} \boxed{2.7 \times 10^{11} \times 10^{11}} \\ \hline 27 \times 10^{11} \end{array} > \begin{array}{l} 1.5 \times 10 \times 10^7 \\ \hline 15 \times 10^7 \end{array}$$

$$\sim \underline{\underline{3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}}$$

10 × 10 × 10

3 × 100000000 ...

300,000,000 m/s

300,000 km/s

$$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \times 10 = \underline{27} \\ 1.5 \times 10 = \underline{15} \end{array}$$

$$(i) \quad \underbrace{108} \times \underbrace{192}$$

$$= \frac{2^2 \times 3^3 \times 2^6 \times 3}{}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2^8 \times 3^4}}$$

Product of prime factor in exponential form.

$$\frac{108}{}$$

$$\frac{192}{}$$

$$2^3 = 2^{\boxed{3}}$$

$$2^5 = 2^n$$

$$\boxed{n = 5}$$

$$2^5 = 2^{\boxed{n+1}}$$

$$\boxed{n+1 = 5}$$

$$\boxed{n = 4}$$

Find the value of n .

$$(i) \quad (2^2)^n = (2^3)^4$$

$$2^{2 \times n} = 2^{12}$$

$$2^{\boxed{2n}} = 2^{\boxed{12}}$$

$$2n = 12$$

$$n = \frac{12}{2}$$

$$\boxed{n = 6}$$

(ii)

$$2^{5n} \div 2^n = 2^4$$

$$2^{\boxed{4n}} = 2^{\boxed{4}}$$

$$4n = 4$$

$$n = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$

$$(iii) \quad 2^{n-7} \times 5^{n-4} = \underline{1250}$$

$$\boxed{2^{n-7}} \times 5^{n-4} = 5^4 \times 2$$

$$\frac{2^n}{2^7} \times \frac{5^n}{5^4} = 5^4 \times 2$$

f.w.

$$2^{n-7} = 2^n \div 2^7$$

$$\boxed{2^n \div 2^7} = \boxed{2^{n-7}}$$

① $5^{(n-2)} \times 3^{(2n-3)} = 135$

Value of n?

$$a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$$

$$a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$\frac{5^n}{5^2} \times \frac{3^{2n}}{3^3} = 135$$

$$\frac{5^n}{5^2} \times \frac{3^{2n}}{3^3} \Rightarrow \underline{5 \times 3^3}$$

$$\underline{5^n} \times \underline{3^{2n}} = \underline{5^1 \times 3^3 \times 5^2 \times 3^3}$$

$$5^n \times 3^{2n} = 5^{1+2} \times 3^{3+3}$$

$$\boxed{n} \times \boxed{2n} = 5^3 \times 3^6$$

$$\boxed{n=3}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad \underline{2^{n-7}} \times \underline{5^{n-4}} = 1250$$

find the value of n .

$$\frac{2^n}{2^7} \times \frac{5^n}{5^4} = \boxed{1250}$$

$$= \underline{5^4 \times 2}$$

$$2^n \times 5^n = 5^{4+4} \times 2^{1+7}$$

$$2^n \times 5^n = 5^8 \times 2^8$$

$$\underline{2^n} \times \underline{5^n} = \underline{2^8} \times \underline{5^8} \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{n=8}$$

$$(5 \times 2)^n = (5 \times 2)^8$$

$$10^n = 10^8$$

$$\boxed{n=8}$$

$$\boxed{a^m \times b^m = (a \times b)^m}$$

$$\underline{2}^{n-7} \times \underline{5}^{n-4} = \underline{1250}$$

Method 2

$$2^{(n-7)} \times 5^{\boxed{n-4}} = \underline{2^1} \times 5^{\boxed{4}}$$

$$\therefore \left. \begin{array}{l} n-7 = 1 \\ \boxed{n = 8} \end{array} \right|$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} n-4 = 4 \\ \boxed{n = 8} \end{array}}$$

To
Check

$$\underline{\underline{5^{n-2}}} \times \underline{\underline{3^{2n-3}}} = \underline{\underline{135}}$$

Find m

$$\underline{(-3)^{(m+1)}} \times \underline{(-3)^{(5)}} = (-3)^7$$

method 1:

$$\underline{(-3)^{\boxed{m+1}}} \times \underline{(-3)^5} = \underline{(-3)^2} \times \underline{(-3)^5}$$

$$m+1 = 2$$

$$\boxed{m=1}$$

method 3:

$$(-3)^{\underline{m+1+5}} = (-3)^7$$

$$(-3)^{\underline{m+6}} = (-3)^{\underline{7}}$$

$$m+6 = 7$$

$$\boxed{m=1}$$

method 2

$$\underline{(-3)^{m+1}} = \frac{(-3)^7}{(-3)^5}$$

$$(-3)^{m+1} = (-3)^{7-5}$$

$$(-3)^{m+1} = (-3)^2$$

$$m+1 = 2$$

$$\boxed{m=1}$$

Q. 1) $25^{n-1} + 100 = 5^{2n-1}$, find the value of n .

$$(5^2)^n = 5^{2n}$$

$$25^{n-1} + 100 = 5^{2n-1}$$

$$100 = 5^{2n-1} - 25^{n-1}$$

$$5^{2n-1} - 25^{n-1} = 100$$

$$\frac{5^{2n}}{5^1} - \frac{25^n}{25^1} = 100$$

$$\frac{5^1 \times 5^{2n}}{5 \times 5} - \frac{5^{2n}}{25} = 100$$

$$\frac{5^{2n+1}}{25} - \frac{5^{2n}}{25} = 100$$

$$\frac{1 \times 5 - 2}{5 \times 5 - 25}$$

$$\frac{5 - 2}{25} = 100$$

$$25$$

$$5^{2n} (5 - 1) = 100 \times 25$$

$$5^{2n} \times 4 = 5^2 \times 5^4 \times 5^2$$

$$5^{2n} = 5^4$$

$$2n = 4$$

$$n = 2$$

$$x = 2$$

$$2 = x$$

$$x + 20 = 2x$$

$$x - 2x = -20$$

$$+x = -20$$

$$x = 20$$

$$x + 20 = 2x$$

$$20 = 2x - x$$

$$20 = x$$

$$x = 20$$

$$(i) \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 \times \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^5 = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-2}$$

find n .

$$(ii) \text{ If } \frac{p}{q} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \div \left(\frac{6}{7}\right)^0, \text{ find the value of } \left(\frac{p}{q}\right)^3.$$

$$\underline{\text{Sol:}} \quad \frac{p}{q} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \div 1$$

$$\frac{p}{q} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \left(\frac{p}{q}\right)^3 &= \left(\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2\right)^3 \\ &= \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{2 \times 3} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{125}{8}\right)^5 \times \left(\frac{125}{8}\right)^n = \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{18}$$

find n.

$$\frac{5^3}{2^3} = \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^3$$

- 1 →
- 2 →
- 3 →
- 4 →
- 5 →
- 6 →
- 7 →
- 8 →
- 9 →
- 10 →
- 11 →
- 12 →
- 13 →
- 14 →
- 15 →
- 16 →
- 17 →
- 18 →
- 19 →
- 20 →

Squares
and
Cubes.

$$2^2 = 4$$

$$\boxed{2^3} = 8$$

$$3^2 = 9$$

$$3^3 = 27$$

$$4^2 = 16$$

$$4^3 = 64$$

$$\boxed{5^2} = 25$$

$$\boxed{5^3} = 125$$

$$\boxed{5^4} = 625$$

Exponents are used to express huge number

mass of earth

5,976,000,000,000,000,000,000.0 kg ✓

25

25.0

expressed in standard form using exponents.

Decimal no. 1 to 9 × 10ⁿ

5.976 × 10²⁴ kg standard form.

59.76 × 10²³ kg X not a standard form.

Express the given no. in standard form.

$$(i) \quad 3,907,625 = \underline{3.907625} \times 10^6$$

$$3907625.0$$


$$\underline{1000000}$$

10

$$(ii) \quad \underbrace{3,186,500,000}_{\text{Usual form}} = 3.1865 \times 10^9$$

Standard form

$$\underline{3.1865 \times 10^{\boxed{9}}} = \underline{3186500000}$$

Standard form to Usual form.

$$9.325 \times 10^{12} = \underline{9325000000000}$$

$$\text{Speed of light} = \cancel{3} \times 2.99 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s.} \quad \underline{\underline{3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}}$$

↓
Usual form

$$\underline{\underline{299,000,000 \text{ m/s}}}$$

Simplify

$$(i) (3^5)^n \times (3^{15})^4 - (3^5)^{18} \times (3^5)^5$$

$$(ii) \frac{10 \times 5^{n+1} + 25 \times 5^n}{3 \times 5^{n+2} + 10 \times 5^{n+1}}$$
$$= \frac{2 \times \overset{(1)}{\cancel{5}} \times \overset{(n+1)}{\cancel{5}} + \cancel{5}^2 \times \cancel{5}^n}{3 \times 5^{n+2} + 2 \times \cancel{5}^1 \times \cancel{5}^{n+1}}$$
$$= \frac{2 \times \overset{(n+2)}{5} + 1 \times \overset{(n+2)}{5} \cancel{5}}{3 \times \overset{(n+2)}{5} + 2 \times \overset{(n+2)}{5}}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{5}^{(n+2)} (2 + 1)}{\cancel{5}^{(n+2)} (3 + 2)}$$
$$= \frac{3}{5} \quad \checkmark$$

H.W

Q.

If

$$\frac{9^n \times 3^2 \times 3^n - (27)^n}{(3^3)^5 \times 2^3} = \frac{1}{27}, \text{ find the value of } n.$$

$$\frac{(3^2)^n \times 3^2 \times 3^n - (3^3)^n}{3^{15} \times 2^3} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$\frac{3^{2n} \times 3^{2+n} - 3^{3n}}{3^{15} \times 2^3} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$\frac{3^{(2n+2+n)} - 3^{3n}}{3^{15} \times 2^3} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$\frac{3^{(3n+2)} - 3^{3n}}{3^{15} \times 2^3} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\boxed{3^{3n} \times 3^2} - \boxed{3^{3n} \times 1}}{3^{15} \times 2^3} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$\frac{3^{3n} (3^2 - 1)}{3^{15} \times 2^3} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3^{3n} \times \cancel{9}}{3^{15} \times \cancel{9}} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$3^{(3n+2)} = \underline{\underline{3^{3n} \times 3^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{2x} - \underline{1x} \\ & x(2 - 1) \\ & = x \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3^{3n}}{3^{15}} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$\frac{a^x}{a^y} = a^{(x-y)}$$

$$\boxed{3}^{(3n-15)} = \frac{1}{3^3} \quad \times$$

$$\frac{1}{27} = \frac{\boxed{1}}{3^3} = 3$$

$$3^{3n-15} = \boxed{3^{-3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3n-15 = -3$$

$$3n = 12$$

$$n = \frac{12}{3}$$

$$\boxed{n=4}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^n} = a$$

$$\frac{1}{27} = \frac{\boxed{1}}{3} = \frac{3^0}{3^3} = 3^{0-3} = 3^{-3}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^x} = a^{-x} \quad \text{Reciprocal rule.}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^x} = \frac{a^0}{a^x} = a^{0-x} = a^{-x}$$

$$a^x = \frac{1}{a^{-x}} \quad \frac{1}{2^{-3}} = 2^3$$

$$(i) a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$(ii) \frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$$

$$(iii) (a^m)^n = a^{mn} = (a^n)^m$$

$$(iv) a^n \times b^n = (ab)^n$$

$$(ab)^n = a^n \times b^n$$

$$(v) \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$$

\Rightarrow

$$0^2 = 0$$

$$0^3 = 0 \quad \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^5 = \frac{2^5}{3^5}$$

$$(vi) a^0 = 1$$

$$(vii) a^1 = a$$

$$(viii) a^n = \frac{1}{a^{-n}} \quad \text{or}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^n} = a^{-n}$$

$$(ix) 0^0 = 1$$

$$312,456,000.0 = \underline{3.12456} \times 10^8$$

$$0.000000091 = \underline{\underline{9.1}} \times 10^{-9}$$

$$0.00023 = 2.3 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg.}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^4 \times \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^5 = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2n+1}, \quad \text{find } \underline{n}.$$

H.W

$$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^9 = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2n+1}$$

$$2n+1 = 9$$

$$2n = 9-1$$

$$2n = 8$$

$$n = \frac{8}{2} = 4$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \underline{0.3x} + \underline{0.4} = \underline{0.28x} + \underline{1.16}, \quad \text{Solve for } x.$$

$$0.3x - 0.28x = 1.16 - 0.4$$

$$0.02x = 0.76$$

$$x = \frac{0.76}{0.02} = \frac{76}{2} = 38.$$

$$\frac{9^8 \times (x^2)^5}{(27)^4 \times (x^3)^2}$$

Simplify and write it in exponential form.

$$\frac{(3^2)^8 \times x^{10}}{(3^3)^4 \times x^6}$$

$$\frac{3^{16} \times x^{10-6}}{3^{12}} = 3^4 \times x^4 = (3x)^4$$

Simplify:

$$(1) \quad (3^5)^{11} \times (3^{15})^4 - (3^5)^{19} \times (3^5)^5$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{(16)^7 \times (25)^5 \times (81)^3}{(15)^7 \times (24)^5 \times (80)^3} = \frac{(2^4)^7 \times (5^2)^5 \times (3^4)^3}{(3^7) \times 5^7 \times (2^3 \times 3)^5 \times (2^4 \times 5)^3}$$

$$= \frac{2^{28} \times \cancel{5^{10}} \times \cancel{3^{12}}}{2^{27} \times \cancel{5^{10}} \times \cancel{3^{12}}}$$

$$\frac{16}{16}$$

$$= \frac{2^{28} \times 5^{10} \times 3^{12}}{\underline{3^7 \times 3^5} \times \underline{5^7 \times 5^3} \times \underline{2^{15} \times 2^{12}}}$$

$$= 2^1 \times 1 \times 1 = \underline{2}$$

End of the chapter